

## Airspeeds for Safe Operation<sup>1</sup>

Normal Climb (ofter takesf)	70.00 1/100
Normal Climb (after takeoff)	70-80 KIAS
Climb short field (10° Flap)	55 KIAS
Climb short field (no flap)	59 KIAS
Enroute climb flap up	75-85 KIAS
Vr	55 KIAS
Vx (Best Angle Climb)	59 KIAS
Vy (Best Rate Climb)	73 KIAS
VsI (Stall Speed Clean Configuration)	47 KIAS
VSO (Stall Speed Landing Configuration)	41 KIAS
Va (2300 Lbs)	97 KIAS
Va (1950 Lbs)	89 KIAS
Va (1600 Lbs)	80 KIAS
Vfe (10 Deg)	110 KIAS
Vfe (10-40 Deg)	85 KIAS
Maximum Distance Glide (Clean)	65 KIAS
Normal Approach Flap Up	60-70 KIAS
Normal Approach 40° Flaps	55-65 KIAS
Short field Approach 40° Flaps	60 KIAS
Balked Landing (Max power, Climb	Attitude,
Flaps 20°)	55 KIAS
Initial Cockpit Checks	1
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#### Initial Cockpit Checks

Control Column	Unlocked
Fire Extinguisher	Secured and Checked
First-aid Kit and Survival I	Kit Checked
Pilot Operating Handbook	Checked
Aircraft Documents	Checked
Journey Log (on board if I	required) Checked
Unoccupied Seats	Belts Secured
Flight Supplement	Checked
Navigation Charts	Checked
Life Jackets	Checked
Avionics Master	OFF
Circuit Breakers	Checked
Ignition	OFF
Master Battery Switch	On
Fuel Gauges	Checked
Fuel Quantity	Check
Avionics Cooling Fan	Check Audibly
Fuel Selector	Both ON
Baggage Door	Lock
Lights	ON
(Taxi light, landing light, N	lav lights, strobe and
beacon)	
Continued Next Pag	1e

Continued Next Page upon POH recommended approach speeds of "60-70 kts w/ flaps up; 55-65 kts w/ flaps down", and are based on max gross weight

#### Initial Cockpit Checks Continued

External Lights	Check	
Lights	OFF	
Flaps	Extend to 40°	
Master battery	OFF	
Conduct External Pre-flight Inspection		

Note: Add oil at the 5 US quarts level.

#### **Passenger Briefing** 2

ELT	Location and Function	
Door / Emergency Exit	Operation	
Fire Extinguisher	Location & Operation	
Seat & Seat Belts	Operation	
Baggage	Stowage	
First Aid Kit	Location	
Survival Kit	Location	
Smoking	No Smoking	
Emergency	Review Procedure	
Life Jacket	Briefing	
	ks- upright, seat belts - tight,	
sharp objects – remove from pockets, eye glasses - remove, dentures – remove, brief passenger re.		
opening door prior to land	, I 0	

## **Pre-Start**

Brake	Apply and maintain toe brakes
Area	Clear
Fuel Selector	Left Tank
Avionics Power	OFF
Hobbs and Time	Record
Beacon light	On
Master Switch	On

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### **Engine Start**

Cold Engine	4a
Prime	2-6 times
Carburetor Heat	Cold
Throttle	Open 1/8"
Mixture	Set Rich
Propeller	"Clear"
Ignition Switch	START
Ignition Switch (Release to both w	hen engine starts
Oil Pressure	Checked
Throttle	Set 1000 RPM
Master Alternator -Turn On and C	heck Ammeter
Flaps	Retract

Warm Engin	e 4b
Mixture	Set Rich
Carburetor Heat	Cold
Throttle	Open 1/8"
Propeller	"Clear"
Ignition Switch	START
Ignition Switch	(Release when engine starts)
Oil Pressure	Checked
Throttle	set 1000 RPM
Master Alternator	-Turn On And Check Ammeter
Flaps	Retract

### Very Cold Engine (-18°C and lower) 4c

With preheat: (using external preheater &		
external power sou	irce)	
Ignition Switch	OFF	
Throttle	Closed	
Prime	4-8 times	
(as propeller is turn	ned by hand)	
After priming: PL	JSH all the way IN and LOCK	
Propeller	"Clear"	
Master Switch	ON	
Mixture	Set Rich	
Throttle	Open 1/8"	
Ignition Switch	START	
(Release to both when engine starts)		
Oil Pressure	Checked	
Throttle	Set 1000 RPM	
Master Alternator -	Turn On And Check Ammeter	
Flaps	Retract	

## Flooded Engine Start

4d

"Weak intermittent firing followed by puffs of black smoke from the exhaust stack indicates overpriming or flooding (POH P. 4-11)." Caution: A flooded engine start should not be attempted

until all fuel at the bottom of the engine cowling has evaporated.

Mixture	Idle Cut-off
Throttle	Full Open
Propeller	Clear
Starter	crank until engine start
When engine starts:	
Throttle	Closed
Mixture	Set Rich
Oil Pressure	Checked
Throttle	set 1000 RPM
Fuel Pressure	Checked
If Not successful Normal start after starter motor cooled down	

## Тахі

Taxi		5
Avionics Power		On
Transponder	Set Standby	and Squawk 1200
ATIS (if available)		Checked
Altimeter	Set	To ATIS/Elevation
Communications	(as applicable)	Position/Intention
Altimeter (if applica	ble)	Re-set
Transponder (if ap	plicable)	Set Discrete Code
Fuel Selector		Right Tank
Brakes		Check
Flight Instrument		Ground Roll Check
Warning: The surviv		
contains minimal cont		
temperate west-coast climatic area. When flying outside this		
area, Langley Flying School requires that it is the pilot's		
responsibility to ensure survival equipment appropriate to the climatic conditions as per <i>CAR 602.61</i> .		
<b>Warning:</b> With the exception of emergencies, Langley Flying School prohibits the landing of this aircraft at any aerodrome		
not certified by Transport Canada or the US FAA.		

Run-up	6
Brake	Apply and maintain toe brakes
Throttle	Set 1000 RPM
Area	Clear
Fuel Selector	Both On
Fuel Quantity	Check
Throttle	Set 1700 RPM
Mixture	Check And Set Rich
Suction Gauge	Check
Magnetos	Check
	M max. drop & 50 RPM max. difference)
Carburetor Heat	Check
Ammeter	Load Check
Engine Instrumer	
Carburetor Heat	ON
Throttle	Closed
Oil Pressure	Idle Check
Carburetor Heat	Off
Throttle	Set 1000 RPM
Throttle Friction L	
Radio	Set

## Pre-Takeoff

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Seats and Harnesses	Secure
Cabin Doors	Closed and Locked
Heading Indicator	Set
Flight Instruments	Check and Set
Magnetos	Both
Fuel	Sufficient
Engine Gauges	Check
Mixture	Set
Flight Controls	Free and Correct
Elevator Trim	Set
Flaps	Check and Set
Continued Next Page	

#### Pre-Takeoff Checks Continued Teles (CD)

Takeoff Briefing	
Runway Length	Verify Sufficient
Crosswind Condition	Check Windsock
Rotation and Climb Speed	s Review
Departure Procedures	Review
Engine Failure Vital Actions	Review
Immediately after takeoff	
Airspeed (flap up)	65 KIAS
Airspeed (flaps down)	60 KIAS
Mixture	Idle Cut-off
Fuel shutoff Valve	Off
Ignition	Off
Wing Flap	As required
Master Switch	Off
Above 800'	
Control Gentle Turns avoid	l fix objects
Glide Speed	65 KIAS Flaps up
Carburetor Heat	ON
Fuel Selector Valve	Both
Mixture	Rich
Primer	In & Locked

### **Holding Short**

Ignition Switch -

8

9

10

Both

Time Record Traffic and Runway Checked and Clear Communications Clearance and/or Intentions<sup>1</sup> .....

(or START if propeller is stopped)

## Runway

Traffic		Clear
Landing Light		On
Anti-collision Lights		On
Navigation Lights (as	required)	On
Transponder		Set ALT
Heading Indicator	Confirm Runway	' Heading
Aileron Inputs	For Crosswind as	s required
Maximum Power	C	Confirmed

Post Takeoff (500' AGL)

Oil Pressure	Green
Oil Temperature	Green
Flaps	Retract

## Mixture

	(do not lean at or below 3000')
Carburettor Heat	Check
Heading Indicator	Confirmed/Set

#### **Pre-descent**

Level/Cruise

Throttle

Brakes

Mixture Idle Cut-off Altimeter	Set Full Rich Set
Pre-landing	13
Seat, Seat belt, Shoulder Harness	Secure
Fuel Selector	Both On
Mixture	Rich
Carburetor Heat	ON

#### **Post-landing**

14

15

Check

11

Set

12

Set (2100-2700)

Wing Flaps	Up
Carb Heat	Off
Trim	Set for takeoff
Landing Light	Off
Anti-collision Light	Off
Transponder	Off
Time	Record

#### **Engine Shut-down**

Brake	Set
Throttle	Set 1000 RPM
Radio	Select 121.5 & Check ELT
Avionics	OFF
Throttle	Close
Magnetos	Check Dead Mag
Mixture	Idle cut-off
Magnetos	Off
Key	Dash
Master	Off
Hobbs and Time	Record
Control Column	Secure as required
Aircraft	Secure as required

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Note: All clearance from a Control Tower authorising movement on to a runway or takeoff from a runway must be read-back to the controller.

## Engine Failure during Takeoff Run

Throttle Brakes Wing Flap Mixture Ignition Master Idle Apply Retract Idle cut-off Off Off

## Engine Failure Immediately after Takeoff

Airspeed (flap up)	65 KIAS
Airspeed(flap down)	60 KIAS
Mixture	Idle Cut-off
Fuel shutoff Valve	Off
Ignition	Off
Wing Flap	As required
Master Switch	Off
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"The proper action to be taken if loss of power occurs during takeoff will depend on circumstances.

- 1. If sufficient runway remains for a normal landing, land straight ahead.
- If insufficient runway remains, maintain a safe airspeed and make only a shallow turn if necessary to avoid obstructions. Use of flaps depends on circumstances. Normally, flaps should be fully extended for touchdown."

## Engine Failure In Flight (Restart Procedures)

Glide Speed	65 KIAS Flaps up	
Carburetor Heat	ON	
Fuel Selector Valve	Both	
Mixture	Rich	
Primer	In & Locked	
Ignition Switch Both		
(or start if propeller is stopped)		
If power is not restored, proceed with		
"POWER OFF LANDING" procedure.		

## **Power Off landing**

Glide Speed 65 KIAS Flaps up 60 KIAS Flaps Down Radio Mayday 121.5 MHz Squawk 7700 Transponder Mixture Idle Cut-off **Fuel shutoff Valve** OFF **Ignition Switch** OFF Wing Flaps As required (40 deg Recommended) **Master Switch** Off Unlatch prior to touch down Doors Touchdown **Slightly Tail Low Brakes** Apply Heavily

## Precautionary landing

Glide Speed60 KIASSelected fieldFlyover and inspectElectrical SwitchesOFFWing Flaps30 DegAirspeed60 KIASDoorsUnlatch prior to touch downTouchdownSlightly Tail Low
Electrical SwitchesOFFWing Flaps30 DegAirspeed60 KIASDoorsUnlatch prior to touch down
Wing Flaps30 DegAirspeed60 KIASDoorsUnlatch prior to touch down
Airspeed60 KIASDoorsUnlatch prior to touch down
Doors Unlatch prior to touch down
Touchdown Slightly Tail Low
Ignition switch OFF
Brakes Apply Heavily

# Ditching

Radio	121.50	Transmit MAYDAY
Transponder		SQUAWK 7700
Approach		
High wind Hea	vy Seas-	INTO the wind
Light Wind, He	avy Swells	Parallel to Swells
Wing Flap		20-40 Deg
Power e	establish 3	00Ft/Min at 55 KIAS
If no power avail	able 65 KIA	AS with Flaps up or 60
. KIA	AS with 10	deg Flap
Cabin Doors		Unlatch
Touchdown	Level att	itude at established
		rate of descent
Face Cushion at touchdown with folded coat		
Airplane evacuate through cabin doors. If necessary,		
open window and f	lood cabin to	o equalize pressure so
door can be opene	d.	
Life Vest and ra	ft	Inflate out of plane

# Engine Fire during Start

Starter	Continue Cranking Engine
If engine starts:	
Power	1700 for few minutes
Engine - Shut	tdown & inspect for damage
If engine fail to sta	art:
Throttle	Full Open
Mixture	Idle Cut-off
Cranking	Continue
Fire extinguis	sher Obtain
Engine	Secure
Master	OFF
Ignition Swite	ch OFF
Fuel Selector	Off
Fire Extinguish us Blanket, or dirt.	sing fire extinguisher, wool
Fire Damage – INS	SPECT, repair damage, or

Fire Damage – INSPECT, repair damage, or replace damaged components or wiring before another flight

Abandon aircraft if fire continues.

## Engine Fire In Flight

Mixture	Idle Cut-off
Fuel Selector	Off
Master	OFF
Cabin Heat and Air	OFF
Aircraft Control	Airspeed 100 KIAS
(if fire is not extinguished , increase the glide	
speed to find incom	bustible mixture)
Forced Landing	Execute

## Electrical Fire during Flight

Master	Off
Avionics Power	OFF
All Other switches (except ignition)	OFF
Vents	Closed
Cabin Heat	Closed
Continued Next Page	

#### **Emergency Procedures Continued Fire Extinguisher** Activate After discharging an extinguisher with a closed cabin, ventilate the cabin If fire appears out & electrical power is necessary for continuance of flight: **Master Switch** ON **Circuit Breakers** Check, Do not Reset Radio switches Off **Avionics Power Switch** On **Radio/Electrical Switches** ON One at the time with delay after each until short circuit is localized. Vents/ Cabin Air/Hear Open When it is ascertained that fire is completely extinguished

## **Cabin Fire**

Master	Off
Vents	Closed
Cabin Air/Heat	Closed
Fire Extinguisher	Activate (if available)
After discharging an extinguisher with a closed cabin, ventilate thee cabin	
Land the airplane as soon as possible to inspect for damage	

# Wing Fire

Landing/Taxi lights	OFF
Pitot Heat Switch	OFF
Navigation lights	OFF
Strobe Light Switch	OFF
Defense I a structure (s. 1. s. s. (b. s. (b. s.	

Performed a sideslip to keep the flames away from the fuel tank and cabin, and land as soon as possible using flaps only as requires for final approach and touchdown

	ICING	
- Pitot Heat		On
-Turn back	or change altitude	
- Cabin Hea	t and defroster	Full Open
- Throttle	Open to increase	engine speed
- Watch for the signs of carburetor air filter ice		
and apply carburetor heat as requires		
Continued Next Page		

#### **Emergency Procedures Continued**

- Land at nearest airport, in extreme icing condition plan for off airport landing
- Leave the flap retracted
- Open the left window, if its practical scrape ice from a portion of the windshield for visibility
- Use Forward sleep on approach to increase visibility

Approach Land 65-75 KIAS in level attitude

## Static source Blockage

Static Pressure Alternate ValvePull OnIn an emergency on airplane not equipped with<br/>Alternate static source, break the VSI glassAir speedconsult calibration table in Section 5 POH

## Landing with Flat Main tire

Approach

Normal

Touch down Good tire first, hold on good tire as long as possible

# Ammeter shows excessive rate of

**charge** (Full Scale Deflection)

Alternator	•	OFF
Nonessen	tial Electrical Equipment	OFF
Flight	Terminate as soon as p	ractical

Emergency Procedures Continued Next Page

## Low voltage light during flight

(Ammeter Indicates Discharge)

Illumination of low-voltage light may occur during low RPM conditions with an electrical load on the system such as during low RPM taxi. The Master switch should not be recycled.

Avionics Power Switch	OFF
Master Switch	OFF (both sides)
Master Switch	ON
Low Voltage Light	Check OFF
Avionics Power Switch	ON
If Low- Voltage light illuminate	es again:
- Alternator	OFF
- Nonessential radio and	equipment OFF

- Flight - Terminate as soon as practical

**Operational Requirements** 

#### Add oil at the 5 US quarts level.

Keep cabin doors secured at all times.

Langley Flying School's *Aircraft Status Board* must be reviewed prior to flight

Relay all emergencies through Flight Service (1-800-INFO-FSS).

Also contact Langley Flying School at (604) 532-6461 or (778) 255-2560 after hours.

As per Transport Canada requirements, maintenance on this aircraft (other than the adding of fuel, oil, or air) is prohibited without the consent of the *Maintenance Manager* for Langley Flying School.

The pilot is responsible to ensure that the aircraft is properly equipped with survival equipment as per the *Canadian Aviation Regulation* 602.61.

#### **Operational Phone Numbers:**

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Langley Flying School	(877) 532-6461
LFS outside office hours	(778) 255-2560
Kamloops FIC	(866) 992-7433
Canadian FSS Toll Free	(800) 463-6377
US FSS Toll Free	(800) WX-BRIEF
Canadian Customs <sup>2</sup>	(888) CAN-PASS
CYNJ TWR (emergency Only)	604-534-9443
CYXX TWR (emergency Only)	604-855-1199
CYYJ TWR (emergency Only)	604-946-0911
VIC TML (emergency Only)	604-586-4500

Caution: Check Current Charts as data may be incomplete or outdated. Abbotsford сүхх 119.8 ATIS Gnd 121.8 Twr (inner) 119.4 Twr (outer) 121.0 MF 119.4 CZBB **Boundary Bay** ATIS 125.5 Gnd 124.3 Twr (inner) 118.1 Twr (outer) 127.6 MF 118.1 CYCW Chilliwack 122.7 ATF **Delta Heritage Air Park** CAK3 123.3 ATF CBQ2 Fort Langley 123.2 ATF CYNJ Langley ATIS 124.5 121.9 Gnd Twr 119.0 MF 119.0 Hope CYHE ATE 123.3 Nanaimo CYCD 122.1 Radio MF/ATF 122.1 **Pitt Meadows** СҮРК ATIS 125.0 123.8 Gnd Twr 126.3 MF 126.3 CAP3 Sechelt-Gibsons 123.5 ATF Surrey / King George Airpark CSK8 ATF 123.5 CBC7 Vancouver Harbour 126.8 ATIS Twr 118.4 ATF 118.4 CYVR Vancouver Intl 124.6 / 124.75 ATIS Clnc Del 121.4 Gnd (South) 121.7 Gnd (North) 127.15 Twr (South) Twr (North) 118.7 119.55 Twr (Outer) 124.0 Victoria Intl CYYJ ATIS 118.8 Clnc Del 126.4 Gnd 121.9 Twr (Inner) 119.7 Twr (Outer) 119.1

#### Useful Local Radio Frequencies:

<sup>3</sup> Note: Canada Customs must be advised prior to departure for a return flight to Canada, including the estimated ETA, the airport of entry, the citizenship, name, and birthdate of all passengers on board the aircraft, and any declarations related to purchases made in the US. Also note the limited times at which CYXX is a valid airport of entry.